fong.

Volta cara, a wheeling about; ex. Fazer VOLUPTA'RIO. See . wolta cara, ou virar as costas ao inimigo, l'OLUPTUO'SO, a, adj. voluptuous, sento wheel about, to turn one's back to the enemy.

andar sempre as voltas, to toil and moil, to bestow a great deal of pains upon a VOLUTA'BRO, s. m. sensual pleasures, thing.

VOLTA'DO, a, adj. that faces or stands VOLUVEL, adj. formed so as to roll easily, opposite to, &c. according to the verb · Voltar.

VOLTAR, v. n. ou Veltar-fe, v. r. to return or go back. Lat. redire.

Teltar, to turn round, to move or go VOMICA, f. f. vomica, an impostume or round.

Feltar, para traz, to go back, to return. Voltar a esquerda, to turn on, or to the left. Hum voltar de elbos, a look, a cast, or VOMITA'DO, a, adj. vomited. glance of the eye.

Num weltar de olbos, in the twinkling of an eye, in a moment.

Feltar, v. s. to turn. See VIRAR.

dans no exercicie, to face, to turn the face and whole body according to the Vomitar o efficito. See MORRER. word of command.

Foltar calaca, to he a turn-coat.

Unitar Sama carra, to turn up, to face a FOMITTFFO. See FOMITORIO. card.

Voltar coffas, to turn one's back, to fly. Voltar o rofto a alguem, ou desempara-lo, to VOMITO'RIO, f. m. vomitory, a medicine turn one's back upon one, to forfake him.

Veltar os olbás, to turn one's eyes. Voltar a cabeça, to turn one's head.

Voltar-fe. See FIRAR-SE.

VOLTEADOR, f. in. a rope-dancer, a Boa wontade, good-will. vaulter, a tumbler.

FOLTE a'DO, a, adj. turned, &c. accord- De bea wentade, willingly, gladly. ing to the verb

*OUTEAR, v. a. to turn, to put the upper Que não tem wontade, unwilling. file downwards, to shift with regard to Elle não tem ventade de afrender, he is unthe fides. Lat. vertere.

Vehicar, to wave, to turn to and fro, to move Ventade, will, mind, pleasure. lookly. .

Telteer, v. n. to turn round, to move or go Found.

tombier.

FOLTIVOLO, a, adj. inconstant.

VOLTO. See POLTADO. FOLU'BEL. See FOLUVEL.

FOI.UBILIDA'DE, f. f. volubility, or apt- Fazei a volla ventade, vie your own will. ness to roll.

Velubilidade da lingua, volubility, glibnels of tongue.

Volubilidade, volubility, mutability, incon- Ter wontade, to will, to be willing.

stancy. FOLVEDO'R, f. m. a pertubator, a difturber.

VOLVE'R, v. a. to turn-

Folver os olhos, to turn one's eyes, to roll the eyes.

Volver, to roll, to pour in a stream, or in

Volver pe atraz, ou fazer passo atraz, toj give ground, to retire, to withdraw.

part; to withdraw.

of a larger work; also a volume, as Elle fex-me passar on tiron-me a wontade l'oto, a vote, or voice given and numbers **FOLUME**, f. m. a volume, tome, or part Paffou-me a wontade, my fancy is over. much as feems convolved at once.

FOLUNTARIAME NTE, adv. voluntarily, willingly.

with a good will; also that likes to live Tenho alguma wontade de descomer, I have O que tem seito voto, a votwill, er vot self-dependant. FOLUNTA'RIO, a, adi. voluntary, done felf-dependant.

verse often repeated, the burden of the FOLUNTARIO'SO, a, adj. that likes to Fazer vir a wontade, to set 150g, or ; live felf-dependant, or use his own will.

fual.

VOLU'TA, f. f. the volute, a member of a column.

luxury.

voluble; also inconstant. VOLFULO, f. m. the twifting of the guts ;

mei.

boyl. Now womica, f. f. the vomick-nut from the VORAGINO'SO, a, adj. voragines, is East Indies.

VOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit, spue, cast, or bring up; also to vomit, to throw up VO'S, properly the same as the Labora, with violence from any hollow. Lat womere.

Feltar a cara, e o corpo, como fezem os fol- Vomitar blasfemias, to belch out blasphemies.

Vomitar Latin, to come out always with

one's Latin, as pedantic persons do-

FOMITO, f. m. vomit, spew.

Que provoca o vomito, vomitory, vomitive. taken inwardly to provoke vomiting, a vomit or vemitive.

FONTA'DE, f. f. the will, a faculty of the FO'SSO, a, adj. your. foul. Lat. woluntas.

A Altima vontade, the last will.

Ma wontade, ill-will, unwillingness. De ma ventade, unwillingly.

willing to learn.

Se vos tendes vontade ou intenção de mo ajudar, if you have a mind to help me. Contra a vontade, against one's will.

Voltear, to vanit, to tumble, to play the Fazer a wontade, ou as wontades a alguem, to humour or indulge one, to make much | gator. of one.

Deixar a alguem fazer a sua vontade, to VCTA'R, v. n. to vote, to give one's vote, let one have his will.

Ter, on trazer a alguem boa wontade, (wonically) to bear ill-will to one, to have a Votar, to vow, to make a vow or falcan delign upon a perlon.

Fazer buma cousa de ma vontade, ou contra a vontade, to do a thing with an ill-will, Missa votiva, votive mass, an extraording or against one's will.

Vontade de comer, stemach, the appetite to meat.

Ter wontade de comer, to have a good stomach.

Vontade, mind, defire, longing, fancy, humour.

Ventade de beber, a defire of drinking. Volver, v. n. to retire, to go away, to de- Satisfazer a sua vontade, on desejo, to save one's longing, to fatisfy one's defire.

diffe, he has put me out of conceit with

Ir hum navio a vontade, ou a discrição dos Votos, vows, wishes, desires, prajeti, se

a kind of motion to ftool.

longing.

Veyo-lbe a vontade de ir a Roma, the taxy or humour took him to go to Rocet.

Elle foy de sua propria vontade, he west ci his own accord.

A' wontade, adv. at ease, casily, without pain, dilturbance, hindrance, cranything that offends, as one could with, access, ing to one's mind.

VO'O, f. m. a flying, or flight. Lat. latus.

called also the iliac passion and miserere VORACIDA'DE, f. f. voracity.

VORA'GEM, f. f. a gulph, a gapring 1 the earth, a place that fivallows up way is put into it. Lat. worago.

of gulphs or iwallowing pits.

VORA'Z, adj. voracious, greedy, glante. ous, devouring, ravenous. Lat. spar. ye, or you, in the plural number; but a is commonly ufed, speaking to the perfon, being locked upon more dul that plain tie, thou je yet is never which but he inferiors, among mean people, or what there is great familiarity.

Kos, a pronoun conjuctive, you, or to yet, as, para wer-wos, to see you.

POSCO, ex. Com vofco, with you. VOSSANCE. Sce

VOSSE', a word used by rushans and bitlies, and fometimes by country falous for vossa merce. See after l'OSSO.

Vello pay, your father. bile be a wello, this is yours. Eis-ali os ruossos, there are yours.

Vossa merce, an expression we have not derectly in English, applied in Pettagute to all polite people below lords, in the same nature as vossa senturia, your inships is used to perfors of that rus. The nearest that comes to it is, your worfitip; as is faid before, voffa mitte, is used to all gentlemen, or other pasts where any respect is shewn.

EGTA'NTE, f. m. a voter, one who gires his voice, or vote for one. Lat. fifth

Votante, p. a. voting.

or voice. Lat. suffragari. l'otar em favor de alguent, to vote in ore's

favour.

promife. VOTIVO, a, adj. votive, belonging to 1 yow, given by yow.

mais, besides that of the day, reheared on some extraordinary occasion.

VO'TO, f. m. a vow, a religious promis, a folemn protestation.

Fazer woto, to vow, to make a vow or is lemn promile.

Voto, a vow, or votive image which is dofited in the churches in compliance to

one's vow-Comprir hum voto, to perform or fulfil :

a fuffrage.

Dar o seu woto, to give one's voice.

quests.

hath bound herfelf to the performance of feate religious vow.

In mais weter, to out-vote, to over-vote, to conquer by plurality of votes.

10%, f. f. the voice, the found any creature makes. Lat. vex.

fer, the found of an inflrument; also a repen.

tem vez, veiced, furnished with a Vocce.

l' z, su jem asticulado, an articulate voice. les en feu nas artuulads, an inarticulate 11, 15.

Area & Dear, (in a scriptural sense) the voice of God, the divine command. Tra feete su fraca, a strong or weak voice. l'enegana e finet mute, a shrill voice. that a post, it is reported.

Leinder e vez, to faile the voice.

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with a low ye ca. Emaila voz, on a vozes, aboud, with a loud URGEBAM, f. m. See VERBENA.

volte.

Dar buma vez a alguem, to give one a

call.

family. l'iz da riufi a, a musical note.

For alliva e fassiva, active and passive voice.

For, su fama publica, common fame or report.

For, su palavra, a word.

Ham fis de nov, a little thin voice.

Ma vez, a bad difagreeable voice.

Dar grandes wexes, to cry out, to roar out.

more noise than nuts to crack; like the proper name of a woman. illearing of hogs, a great cry and little URRA'R, v. n. to bray or cry like an elewool,

102ARI'A, f. f. bawling, whooping, hal- URRO, f. m. the braying or crying of an lowing.

FOTEATR, v. n. to cry out, to hollow, URSA, on Uffa, f. f. a she bear. Lat. urfa. neile.

l'exear como faxem as crianças, to bawl, to Urfa menor, (in astronomy) the Lesser USURA'RIO, a, adj. usurious. cry frowardly as a child.

l'ezear a raa, to croak like a frog. Fizzar, to be divulged, or blabbed out.

of noile or clamour. FOZERI'A. See VOZARIA. URA'CA, f. f. a fort of wine in India.

URACAN, f. m. See FURACAM. URA'CO, f. m. (in anatomy) urachus, a URSULI'NAS, f. f. p. the Ursulines, an UT, f. m. ut, a musical note. membranous canal in a fœtus.

URANIA, I. f. Urania, the muse that pre- URTIGA, s. f. a nettle. Lat. urtica. files over aftronomy.

certain fish having but one eye in his ming he seemeth to look upward. Lat. uransfectors.

URBARAMENTE, adv. courteously, ci- URZE'LLA, f. f. orchel weed.

Fouce urbanamente, rudely, uncivilly.

UREATIAS, f. f. p. Urbanists, a sort of

URBANIDA'DE, f. f. urbanity, civil behaviour, courtely, civility.

URBANITA, f. m. one who dwells in a PART I.

A cut tem feite ecte, a votarels, one who URBA'NO, a, adj. of a city, dwelling in a USAGRE. See OZAGRE. city; also civil, courteous, comely, gentle in USA'IICA, f. f. See COSTUME. fpeech and gesture. Lat. urbanus.

Pouco urbano, rude, uncivil. Urbano, f. m. Urban, the proper name of a

man. URCA, f. f., a fort of Indian ship; also a fort of Dutch flip.

Urca, on Gavallo frifam. See FRISAM. URCHILIA das arvores. See MUSGO. URDI'DO, a, adj. warped in a looin. See P. o que se usa não se escusa, what is fution-URDIR.

URDIDU'RA, f. f. warping in a loom. Urdidura do discurso, (metaph.) the contex-

URDIMA'LAS, f. m. a cunning deviler, USNEA, f. f. moss growing upon trees, a fubtile contriver. Lat: machinator feeserum.

URDIR, v. a. to warp in a loom. See Ujina bumana, uinea, a kind of green OKDIR.

O get ten bia waz, one that hath a good URETERES, on Ureteros wafes, (in anatomy) the vellels called uteters.

Faller com vor baixa, to speak softly or URETRA, s.f. (in anatomy) wrethra, the USO, s. m. usage, use, practice, or custom; urinary passage or pipe.

URGE'NCIA, f. f. urgency.

De huma was, ununinecutly, by one con- URGENTE, adj. urgent, preffing.

URGENTI'SSIMO, a, adj. tupcilat. very

URI'AS, ex. Carta de urias. See CARTA. fomething placed within the duplicatures of the breatt plate, which the high- | Palesora que esta em uso, a word in use. vine oracle, (upon his confulting) was delivered.

URINA, &c. See OURINA, &c. URINARIA wia, the urinary passage.

URNA, f. f. an urn, such as anciently they preserved the ashes of the dead in. Lat. USTE'DO, s.f. a sert of woollen cloth. wna.

URO, f. m. ure ox, a wild ox. Lat. urus, P. mais fas as vozes que as nozes, there is [URRA'CA, f. f. a fort of wine in India; alto]

phant. Lat. barrire.

elephant.

to roar out, to bawl, to make a great Urfa mayor, (in astronomy) the Great USURA, f. f. usury, an unlawful interest, Bear.

Bear.

URSI'NO, a, adj. of, or belonging to a USURE'IRO, f. m. an usure. bear.

GANTE.

URSO, ou uffo, f. m.a bear.

flouth of bears.

order of nuns.

URTIGA'DO, a, adj. nettled. URANOSCOPO, en Uranescopen, s. m. a URTIGA'R, v. a. to nettle, to sting with nettles.

he.d, and that so placed, that swim- URUXI', f. m. a fort of excellent varnish used in the Japan islands.

URZE, f. m. See TORGA.

USA'DO, a, adj. ufual, ufed, in ufe, ordinary, common. Lat. ustatus. See the verb USAR.

He cousa usada, it is a common custom, it is a thing often used. Lat. usitatum est. Mais do usado, more than ordinary. Usado, ou que mostra o sio, worn out, or threadbare, (speaking of clothes)

USAR, v. a. to use, to make use of.

Usar mal de alguna cousa, to make ill use of a thing.

Ufar bum officio, to discharge an effice, to execute, to do, or be in an office.

Ujarci com vojez como je, &c. I will ule you as it, &c.

Ufar-se, imperf. to be received into use.

able cannot be avoided; a man had as good be out of the world, as out of the tallion.

ture, ordering, or framing of a discourle. USE IRO. See ACOSTUMADO.

walls, tocks by the fea-fide and brinks of rivers, &c. Lat. mufcus.

meß, which grows upon human skulls that have lain in the open air for many years.

also the use, or using of a thing, the enjoyment of a thing; also usance, (in commerce.)

Nao estar ja em us, to grow out of use or falliion,

Fazer bom ou mao uso de alguma, cousa, to make a good or ill ule of a thing.

Ter vez em capitalo, to have a vote in an af- URIM e thummim, urim and thummim were Fazer ufo de, to make use of, to employ or uic.

> priest wore; and through which the di- Que mo esta em uso, unfathionable, being out of fashion.

USOFRUTO, USOFRUTUARIO. See USU. FRUTO, USUFRUTUARIO.

USSA, USSO. See URSA, URSO. Herva uffa. See SERPILLO.

USUA' Leadj. utual, common, ordinary. Ufual, f. m. a fort of tax or contribution laid upon provisions.

USUFRUTUA'RIO, f. m. he that receives the profit or advantage made of a thing, but is not the proprietor; an usufructuary.

USUFRU'TO, f. m. usufruct, use and profits without property.

Emprestar a usura, to lend upon usury.

Contrato usurario, an usuious contract.

USURPAÇAM, f. f. usurpation.

102EIRO, a, ani, noisy, clamorous, full Branca ursina, ou erva gigante. See GI- USURPADO, a, adj. usurped, wrongfully taken.

USURPADO'R, f. m. an usurper. . Rebanho, ou quantidade de ursos juntos, a USURPA'R, v. a. to usurp, to take away, to

feize upon unjufily.

UTA'R, v. n. to move the hands in a certain manner, as when we lift corn, &c.

UTENSI'LIOS, f. m. p. (in military affairs) utenfils, necessaries.

UTERI'NO, a, adj. uterine, pertaining to the womb.

Mal, ou furor nierino, uterine fury.

Vajo uterino, the womb. Irmao uterino, uterine brother.

UTERO, f. m. (among physicians) the womb, or matrix.

UTIL, adj. mifui . I use, beneficial, profitable, good, serviceable, advantageous. Lat. utilis.

Util, f. m. ex. Unir o util com o deleitavel, to join profit to pleasure.

UTILIDA'DE, f. f. utility, usefulness, be- Vulgar, vulgar, common, plebeian, prac- VULNERA'RIA, f. f. the plant called nefit, profit, advantage. Utilidade publica; public good. UTILIZA'DO, a, adj. made useful or profitable, &c. : See : UTILIZA'R, v. a. to make useful, or pro- Vulgaridade, the vulgar, the common sort of Vulto, a bulk that is seen at a different fitable, to make a good use of a thing. Utilizar-se, v. r. to get some benefit from VULGARIZA'DO, a, adj. made common, any thing, to make use of any thing. UTILME'NTE, adv. ulefully, profitably. UTO'PIA f. f. Utopia, a fictitious well governed country, described by sir Thomas Vulgarizar-se, v. r. to grow too familiar with Ver o wulto de alguma cousa, to see the big - More. UVA, f. f. a grape. Lat. uva. Cacho de uvas, a bunch, or cluster of grapes.

Lat. racemus.

Uva espim, a gooseherry.

Uvas de cao, the herb prick-madam, wormgrafs, or stone-crop. Lat. cressula mi- Fallar vulgarmente, to use common or orngr. .

Uvas de rato, the herb mouse-tail, or wall- VULGATA, s. f. the vulgar translation of VULTURNO, s. m. the north can wall, pepper.

Uvas de urso, the current bush, bastard cur- VULGO, s. m. the vulgar, the common rants. Lat, ribes.

UrEd, I. f. the uvea tunica of the eye, UVEIRA, f. f. fo they called the married P. nao perdoa o voulgo tacha de ninguem, the trees, i. e. which have vines married to mob spares no body. them. Lat. arbor marita.

FULCAM. See FOLCAM, and BULCAM. I'ULGA'R, adj. vulgar, common, general. Lingua vulgar, the vulgar tongue.

tried among the common people work work VULGARIDA'DE, f. f. baseness, vulgari- VULNERA'RIO, a, adj. vulnerary, good to ty, meannels, vilenels. See also FACI-LIDADE,

people, the rabble, the mob.

prostituted.

VULGARIZA'R, v. a. to proffitute, to make common, or vulgar. -

the common people, to become ridiculous, to profitute or expose one's honour or dignity.

VULGARME'NTE, adv. vulgarly, commonly; also vulgarly, in a vulgar manner, meanly.

dinary words.

the Bible, the vulgate.

people, the mob, the rabble. Lat. JUVRE. See UBRE. vulgus.

VULNERA'DO, a, adj. wounded, vulnerated, &c. See

VULNERA'R, v. a. to vulnerate, to wound; alfo to hurt.

heal wounds.

VU'LTO, f. m. the face, the countenance. without discovering what it is, or a thing covered, so that only the bulk appears, and not what it is; also a date, or figure.

Imagem ou figura de vulto, a folid fiame. and bigness of a thing without perceivag what it is.

A vulto, by the buik, confusedly, indiffica. ly, without perceiving what a thing is, or without examining it thoroughly.

Vulto, confequence, importance, moment, weight.

Parecer vulte, to look bulky, or milly. or, as some fay, the fouth-call wind. Lat. widturnus.

VURMO, f. m. the pus or thick mater if fuing from a fore.

UTVA'R, v. n. to how as a deg or w. S. Lat. ululare.

UYVO, f. m. the howling of adeg er will. Lat. ululatus.

UZAGRE. See OZAGRE,

f. m. the seventeenth consonant off P. correr como buma xara, to run swiftly, XERGAM. See XARGAM. 1 the Portuguese alphabet. Y, is a numeral letter worth ten, according XARAFI'M, f. m. an Indian coin worth to this verfe;

X Sufra denos número tibi dat retinendes.

stand for ten thousand.

XA, f. m. (a Persian word) a king. XABANDA'R, f. m. (in India) a conful for merchants, a refident for affairs relating to commerce and trade.

X.ICO'CO. See ENXACOCO. XADREZ, f. m. chefs, the game at chefs. Jugar ao xabez, to play at chefs.

YAES, i. m. a fort of Indian coin answering to two Portuguele cruzados. See XAROPAR, v. a. to drench, to purge with CRUZADO.

XAGOA'TE, or Xaguate. See SAGO- XARO'PE, f.m. a syrup. ATE.

Nagoate; (in a ludicrous sense) a check, or XARRO'UCO, s. m. a fort of fish so called. Por, on deitar ximea a tum riagis, to his? rebuke.

straw, &c. upon a cart. Arabic.

XAMA'TE, (at chels) mate.

XA'QUE, f. m. (in the eastern countries) a XE'QUE, f. m. a word altogether Moorish, king:

XAQUE, (at chefs) check.

........

Dar xaque mate, (at chefs) to give checkmate, or to check-mate.

XAQUECA. Set ENXAQUECA.

for a healt. Arabic. XA'RA, f. f. an arrow. See also ESTEVA: Vinho de xeres, sherry, or sherry-wine.

or as swift as an arrow.

three hundred Portuguese rees.

XARE'L. See CHAREL. XARE'O, f. m. a fort of sea-fish.

If you put a tittle upon it (thus A) it wil. XARETA, f. f. the carriage of a cannon. XEROPHAGIAS, Xerophagy, a fentilist From the French charrette.

Xareta, nettings to hinder the enemy from coming aboard a ship.

XdRGAM, f. m. a straw-bed. Arabic. XARI'FE. See XERIFE.

lovely. Arabic.

XAROPA'DO, a, adj. purged with a fy-

a fyrup.

XARO'UCO vento the fouth-east wind.

XARRU'A. See CHARRUA. XA'LMA, f. f. a frame of wood to hold XAUTER, f. m. a guide or leader through XIMES, f. m. p. the granders of Pegu. the Arabian desarts. Arab.

XELI'M, f. m. a shilling.

and fignifies a lord, a commander, or a! governor; but in Barro's Dec. 2. lib. x. it fignifies a king or emperor. See XE-RIFE

XERAFIM. See XARAFI'M.

XAQUE'MA, on Xayrama, f. f. a halter XERE'S, f.m. Xeres, a town of Andalufia, in Spain.

XERIFE, f. m. theriff, or xeriff, the file of a prince, or chief reler in Bubus. This title is also applied to the detentants of Mahomet.

XERINGA. Sed SERINGA.

among the primitive Christian allo xte rophagy, the eating of dry things, (waits phylicians.)

Xeros bagias, xerophagy, a diet wied by wrentlers.

Xarife, or Xarifo, a, adj. curious, beautiful, XILOBA'LSAMO, f. m. a beliam made by boiling and squeezing the Laves of the balfam-trees.

XIME'A, f. f. our failors call it a fit, being a piece of timber, or plank, more fast, either to a mast, or to a gard, in strengthen it, when it is in dieger d breaking.

malt.

XIMIO, f. m. a he-ape. Ser ximio de alguera, to ape one, to be one's

ape, (metaph.) XIPHO'IDE, (in anatomy) xyphcide, cartilage at the bottom of the sterner, call-

ed also enfiformis. XIQUER, at the least, at least, (ob.) XIRINGA, XIRINGAR. See SERINGA

SERINGAR. XIZ garaviz, f. m. (a vulgue, word) 3 meddler, a buly-body.

10,

thue! thue! but then the o is to be pronounced like the Italian o chiufo.

away birds, or the like; as in English, tridge as soon as it springs, or riles from the covert.

Xofre com a deda. See PIPAROTE. XC'FRE, ex. De zofre, immediately, incon- XO'PRA, an interjection of admiration,

10, a word used to stop horses, or other tinently, forthwith...... lack-a-day! beiffs; also a word or found used to drive Matar huma perdiz de xofre, to kill a par- XO'RCAS, f. f. p. ornaments worn about the ancles, refembling bracelets. Arabic. XUE xue, a ludicrous expression signifying trifles, or things of finall value.

f. m. the last letter but one of the! Portuguefe alphabet. It has no other found but that of the vowel i, and is called stfilm.

I'was a numeral letter with the ancients, and fignified 150, or 159, according to: this verfea

Y Lit centerios et quinquaginta novenos. I with a dath at the top fignified 150,000. I figiordo Pythagoras era o symbolo da vida humana, forque no pe se denotava a infancia e no forcado os dous caminhos do vilio e de virtude, em que se mete o tomem chegando a ter uso de razao, the letter Y, according to Pythagoras, was the fymbol of human life, infancy being nitying the two different ways, either to l virtue or vice, which a man enters when he comes to years of discretion. This is expreffed in thefe two verses;

Littera Pythagoræ, discrimine seeta bi- YO'IDE. See HYOYDE. corni,

Humanæ vitæ specimen præferre videtur. TAPU, f. m. a bird in Brafil, like a magpie, whose body is all black, and only the tail yellowish, having three little tusts on YUA. See IVA. blue eyes and a yellow beak; a beautiful bird, but stinks when angered; good in a house to devour spiders, and other infects, but dangerous to hold on the eyes.

represented by the tail, and the fork fig- YETI'M, f. m. a fort of gnats in Brafil,

which sting through any thin garment, and as tharp as if needles were run in. YNCA. See INCA.

YORCK, or Yorque, the city of York, in Yorkshire, one hundred and fifty computed, and one hundred and ninety-two measured miles from London.

the head, which it fets up like horns, has TUCA, f. f. a large thick root, which in the Indies they cut into flices and grate, after which the dry part remains in broad thin cakes, which ferves instead of bread, and are called cazavi.

fift, because it naturally strikes at the YUTA, s. f. a sort of partridges in the kingdom of Peru, so called because the noise they make founds like yuta.

f. m. the last letter of the Portuguese alphabet.

Z is a numeral letter, worth 2000, according Zaino ou Atreiçoado. See ATREICO ADO. to this verfe.

_ Uhima Z, canens finem, his mille tenebit. I, with a dash at the top, signified 2000 ZAMBOEIRA, i. f. the tree that produces times 1000.

Bileay, from one hundred to two hundred legs turned inward. tons burden, and served for fishing, or ZAMBU'CO, f. m. a fort of Indian ship. parateering; now laid afide.

ZABUMBA, f. f. a blow, a stroke. See also ZAMORIM See { SAMORIM. ZAMZAM. }

ZABU'RRO millo. See MILHO gran.le. ZANGA'M, f. m. a drone. ZAFIRO, f. m. See SAFIRA.

7AGA, or Saga, (obsol.) See RETAGU-ARDA

7.4Ga'L, f. m. a young shepherd.

7.2GALE'TE, idem.

LiGaTA, f. f. 23gay, or hassagaye, a fort of javelin used by the Moors; also ZANO'LHO, s. m. a man that has but one ZA'S, en Zaz, a word to express the same Zagaya, or Helicon, a hill of Bœotia, near Thebes.

Z.FINO, a, adj. as, Cavallo zaino, a dark

other colour.

ZAMBO'A, f. f. a fort of pomecitron of a deep yellow colour.

that fort of pomecitron.

ZABRA, f. f. a fort of vessel once used in ZA'MBRO, a, adj. splay-legged, having the ZA'PETE, a fort of game at cards.

ZAMBUGEIRO. See AZAMBUGEIRO.

ZANGA'NO, on Zangao. See ABARCA- ZEO. TAM.

ZANGAMI, a lazy fellow.

guittar, to play upon it without art. javelin, but very sharp.

ZAGALÉ'JO, f. m. a very young shep- ZANGURRIA'NA, f. f. (a ludicrous word.) ZARPA'R. See SARPAR: See BEBEDICE.

SE.

ZAGU'NCHO, f. m. See ZARGUNCHO. ZANUO', (in the Portuguese India) the bid- repeated blows. goggled-eyed, one who looketh afquint. Zas, tras, thwick-thwack, interj. expressing i. ding at an auction.

chesnut horse without mixture of any ZANZAM, s. m. Zemzem, a well so called by the Mahometans, who fay, that this well was produced by Gol, that Hagar and her fon Ishmael might from thence flake their thirst. See the account of it by ... Mr. Pitts, p. 133.

ZA'PE. See TRAPEZAPE.

ZARABATA'NA, ou Zaravatana. Sce SA-

RABATANA. ZARAGATO'A, f. f. the herb flea-wort, or

flea-bane. Lat. psyllium.

ZARCAM. See AZARCAM. ZA'RCO, a, adj. light-blue. See also GA-

DOR. See also CHATIM and REGA- O que he zarco dos olhos. See ZANOLHO. ZARGUNCHA'DA, f. f. a stroke or wound

made with a short dart. See ZAGH'LA, f. f. a young mepherdefs, a ZANGARREN'R na viola, to scratch the ZARGU'NCHO, f.m. a sort of short dart or

ZARZAGANIA, I think it signifies a cold Tomer a zangurriana: See EMBEBEDAR- | , wind. From the Spanish zarzagan, which ... fignifies the fame.

eye, a one-eyed man; also one that is as slap in English.

ZAZ. Sec ZAS.

ZEBELI'NA,

ZEBELINA, f. f. or Zebelino, f. m. zibilliwhat less than a marten, breeding in the woods of Mulcovy, cloathed with a very ZODIA'RIA. See ZEDOARIA. rich fur.

Pelle de zibelina, foble-fkin.

ZEBRA, f. f. zebra, an Indian beast like a ZOMBADO'R, f. m. a jester, a droll, a merry mule.

ZEBRU'NO, on Lebrana, a, adj. that has . _ ing of horles.)

ZECO'RA, on Eurro do mato, a fort of wild beatt in Ethiopia with very long Cars.

ZEDOA'RIA, cu Zedoaria, f. f. zedoary, a spicy plant, somewhat like ginger in its leaves, but of a fweet fcent, and not fo hisi 1g.

ZELADO'R, f. m. a realot, flickler, one ZOMBARYA, f. f. a jest, any thing ludiwho is jealous of or for a thing.

ZELADO'R.A, f. f. a she zealot.

ZELA'DO, a, p. p. jealoufly, or carefully looked after. See the ve. b

ZELA'R, v. a. to be zealous. See also PRE-TENDER, and PROCURAR.

Zeler, eu ter ciumes, to be jealous or suspicious in lave.

ZE'LO, f. m. zeal, earnest passion for a Elle nas sofre nenbuma sorte de zombaria, he person or thing, but especially for one's religion, and the welfare of one's coun- Por as couzas em zombaria, to país off any ZUMBRIR-SE, v. r. to band, bow, or i.c.

ZELO'SO, a, adj. zealous, full of zeal.

ZENITH, ou Zenit, f. m. (in altronomy) zenith, the point directly over our heads.

ZE'PHYRO, f. m. zephyr, the well wind; and poetically any calm foft wind.

ZEQUIM, f. m. zechin, a gold coin worth at. . about nine shillings sterling. It was so Expor-se alguem a que fação zombaria delle, Zunido dos ventos, whiltle, or the coile d named from Zecca, a place in Venice, where the mint is fettled for coinage.

ZERVATA'NA. See SARABATANA. ZE'UGMA, f. f. a figure in grammar, call-

ex zeugma. ZEURA. See ZEBRA.

ZIGVE Zigue, a good for nothing fellow; Zona torrida, the torrid zone. also a restless or impatient man. From the Zonas frigidas, the frozen or frigid zones. French ziczac. See BOLIÇOSO.

prelates.

ZI'MBO, s. m. a sort of shell used instead 200. See 2010. of coin in some parts of Africa, parti- 200LATRI'A, s.f. the worthipping of beasts. Zunir o wento com grande effrends, is farize cularly in the kingdoms of Angola, and Congo.

The Portuguele call zimbos fifados, those shells that are of the largest fize.

ZIMBO'RIO, f. m. pinnacle, the highest part of a building, a turret or elevation ZO'RRA, a fort of fledge or carriage with Vay zuninde, go quickly. above the rest of the building, a cupola.

ZIMBRA'R, v. a. (a vulgar word) to thike, to heat, to cudgel.

fhrub. Lat. juniperus.

ZINA'BRE, f. in. See AZINHAVRE. ZINGAMO'CHO, or ZINGAMOUCHO. Navio zorreiro, a had sziler, a ship that does ZU'RRO, s. m. the braying of an als. See ACROTERIAS.

NECER.

ZI'RBO, f. m. (in anatomy) epiploon, the ZORZA'L, f. m. the bird called fieldfare, Zurzir com Lum 100, to culgel, cawl. Arabic. See REDENHO, or RE-

7A-

ZIZANIA, (metaph.) See DISCORDIA,

and DESAVENÇA.

na, a table, a finall wild creature some- ZODFACO, s. m. Zodiac, one of the great circles of the celettial fphme.

ZO'ILO, f. m. Zoilus, an envious person, or farrling critic.

companion, one that jefts much; allo a mocker, a derider or fcorner.

the colour of a stag, or of a hare, (speak- ZOMBA'R, v. n. to jcke, to sell, to divert or ZUCHI, on Zuichi, i. m. a fort of inke ihe merry by words or actions in order to trife laughter, to joke; also to mock, to ZUM, zum, the humning or buzing that make contemptuous game or sport, to ridicule, to deride.

Affin zomba zombando, in a sportive manner, ZUMBAYA, or Gremenar, (in Inda): ::: as if one was joking infentibly, in such a manner as is not perceivable, imperceptibly.

crous, meant to taile laughter; also mock, [ZUMBAYA'R, v. a. (in India) as, 722.7 derinou, ridicule.

Zombaria picante, an offensive jest.

Fazer zembaria, to scoff or jeer. See ZOM-BAR in its fecond fignification.

Sem zombaria, or Deixeimo-nos de zombarias, or fora de toda a zombaria, jesting alide.

takes no jest.

thing for a jeft.

Por zombaria, ou zombande, in jest, by way of sport, in a jesting manner; also contemptuoufly, cornfully.

que delle se faça zombaria, a laughingttock, a thing, or person to be laughed ZUNIDO, s. m. tingling, a sound or co.:-

to make one's felf a laughing-stock.

ZOMBI'DO. See ZUMBIDO. ZO'NA, f. f. (in geography) zone, a division

of the earth, a space contained between Zunido forte do vento, a blustering of two parallels.

Zena, a zone, belt, or girdle.

Zonas temperadas, the temperate zones. ZIMA'RRA, f. f. a fort of garment used by ZONCHO, (in a ship.) See JUNÇO. ZONI'DO. See ZUNIDO.

(among the pagans.)

vegetables or substances which partake of the nature both of vegetables and animals, ZUNEM-ME or ouvilor, my cars till, or spunges.

broad low wheels to carry large thones, ZURRA'CHA, f. t. a terry-beat, 2 mand &c. It goes very flowly.

ZORRAGUE. See AZORRAGUE.

ZIMBRO, f. m. juniper, a fort of tree or ZORRE'IRO, a, adi. fluggish, flow, heavy; ZURRA'PA. See SURRAPA. also heavy, wanting activity, indolent, la- ZURRA'R, v. n. to bray, to asked and zy, dull. From Zorra, which fee.

not fail well, a very heavy ship.

tow a fhip.

or, according to Bluteau, the bird thire, Zurzir com julavras, to chide, nyill

ZIZANIA, C. f. See JOYO, and CIZAN- ZORZALE IRO, an epithet given to some ZYTHO, C. m. zythum, a drink mailed hawks who prey upon the zorzaes. See ZORZAL.

ZO'TE, f. m. a numbskul, a heavy ich fellow. From the French fet, or the Inc. an zotico.

ZOVO, on Zoo, f. m. a fort of factor's an amphibious creature in the riva d Sofala.

ZOUPE'IRO, a, adj. decrepit, extrancia, crazy. From the Italian zopto, land ZU'CHE, a fort of fnake in Amenco.

Angela.

of gnats, &c.

ZUMBA catumba. See ZAS, TRAS. found reverence, a cringe, a lewber.

Fazer buma zumbeya, to make apafart reverence, to how very low, to box dead to the ground.

ar o corpo, on fineer huma zur 144 make a profound revereite, &c. &c.

ZUMBAYA. ZUMBI'DO, f. m. 2 hum, a humanay i buzzing noise of bets, or intests.

Fazer zumbido, to huz er hum.

ZUMBIR, v. n. to buz or hum, as ten mi other infects do. ZUMBRIDO, p. of

See VERGAR.

Zumbrir-fe, to cringe, to make law both ? congees, to thew great inbuilded, while ter, to fawn.

O que be objecto da zombaria, ou que merece ZUNIDE'IRA, f. f. a polithed tione with goldsmiths.

nuance of it in the ears.

wind. Zunido brando do vento, a loft Hosiag, a

whifpering of the wind.

wind. Vento que faz grande zunido, a blotteriz

wind. Zunido dos ouvidos, a buzzing or tisting

in the ears, (a fort of disorder.) ZUNIME'NTO, f. m. idem. ZUNIR, v. n. to whittle like the wind, a

the like. See also SOAR. wind to blufter.

ZOO'PHYTOS, f. m. p. 200phytes, certain Zunir o wento brandamente, is for the will to whitper, or blow fotily.

tingle.

carriage, in which perfors or good 27 carried over water.

or cry like an afs.

ZURZI'DO, a, adj. cudgelled, &c. Se ZINGRA'R, (a yulgar word.) See ESCAR- ZO'RROS, as Levar bumnavio a zerros, to ZURZI'R, v. 2. (a vulgar word) witch? firike.

blame, or reprove.

corn or malt, either ale or beer.

ACACALAR, from the Arabic Jing. tdivit, levigavit.

ICAFRAM, from the Arabic (. ilies which fignifies the fame.

IDEL!, from the Arabic JVs audiona-

ter. Inder the word AGOA there is the proverb, com agoas faffadas não moe o mointo, to which add, this proverb is origindly drabic, viz.

را تندور الرحابهاء قد مضا ILBARRAA, from the Arabic ST agrefits, fylvaticus.

ILMOFAÇA, from the Arabic

frigil. ILMOFADA. See also under the word COCHEIRO.

ILPES, from albus, instead of which the people of Sabina formerly said alpus.

القائد - القائد العالم from the Atabic القائد العالم العا jalex.

RCAR, also to bend, to make crooked. RRATEL, from the Arabic Ma, libra.

RREMEÇAR, from the Arabic projecit.

part. pall. of [ازموده SMODEO, from ازموده the Persian verb (io tempt. Here it means a tempter or follicitor to mil; because the participle of the pretemerfect tense in the Persian language his likewise an active signification.

TALAYA, from the Arabic she locus unde prospicitur.

TALAYAR, from the Arabic & La afcen-Et mmtem, prospexit, exploravit.

TE', from the Arabic ् इंक धृतुमः,

donce; and so the Spanish basta. fter the word BARBAS add, barbas de galis, wattles, the barbs or loofe red fieth that hangs below the cock's bill.

META, from the Arabic L. which in the Persian language likewise signifies ST SCOUNT

end, &c.

CAM, after the proverb amor de mulber, fawning of dogs, both proceed from hope of reward.

CAPARICA, ex.

Estais com o sentido em caparica, your wits are gone a wool-gathering.

CARAMPAM, S. (termo de impressores) cramps or cramp-irons.

CEROULAS, from the Arabic Mine femoralia que fere ad pedes dimitti solent; and hence the Persian which sigmines the fame.

CHICARA, ou XICARA, f. dish, a small utenfil of China, &c. for coffee, tea, &c.

CHOCARREIRO, from the Arabic 3 irrifor, bominum subsannator.

After Contas, add, see also Porquinha de fanto Antao.

COXOTE, add, taces, a fort, &c.

DRACHMA, from the Perlian

Look under IN for the words which you do not find under EN, et e contra.

ENDIVIA. This word, as well as the English endive, nay the Latin intybus, is derived from which fignifies the same both in Persian and Arabic.

ENGANAR, from the Arabic (. 3 decepit; as the Italian gabbare from the Arabic which signifies the same.

ENGODAK, from the Arabic adcepit, fefellit.

After ENREDO, add ENREDOUÇAR, v. a. Ve BALANÇAR.

ENXAQUECA, from the Arabic xxxxx bemicrania.

FANFARRAM, from the Arabic , i, bemo iners, multiloquus.

CADILHO, add, thrum, or the shagged Under the word P10, add, fo da madeira por onde fe fende on racha, the grain of wood.

&c. the caresses of women, and the GABAM, from the Arabic Linica. After GALAM, add; GALAPAGO f, , (among farriers) quitter bone.

GANHAR, from the Arabic ultilitatem cepit.

GARGARIZAR, from the Arabic . . . gargarizavit.

GARRA, at the end of this word add, feet..... lock.

GAZELLA, from the Arabic Jin JASMIN, originally from the Persian (A) which fignifies the fame.

JAFALI, from the Arabic 270015.

Look under EN for the words which you do not find under IN, et e contra.

LEILAM, from the Arabic AND anclina-

LEZIRA, from the Arabic عرير الله infula...

MAGO, from the Persian presbyter, qui ignem adorat.

MANTILHA, mandil, manto, manteo, mantens; from the Persian Line linteum. Vide Lexic: Perfi.um Golii, et Steph. de Latinitate falso suspecta, p. 331: et Relandi Differt. VIII. de vet. Lin. Perf. verbo MANDYAS.

MATAR, from the Arabic inecavit, occidit, (in fecunda conjugatione.) MESQUINHO, from the Arabic:

MOLEQUE, from the Arabic & 1. servus qui recens in alterius dominium vemit:

After the word MONOSYLL'ABO, add, MONOTONIA, f. monotony.

NEGAÇA,

BEGACA, iron in muarit capul, mo- SACAROLHAS, f. cork-ferew. titavis fe, tremuis avis-

OUVIDO, (in foundry) add, geat or jet, the hole, &c.

MAGEM, from which in Persian and Turkish fignifies the same.

PAGODE, from the Perfian ON C. templum, domus idoli.

PARAISO, from the Arabic but it is originally Perfian. Vide Briffmium 1. i. de regna Perf. p. 52.

FIPIA, f. the green straw of corn of which children make a kind of pipe.

RAPA, after the word iron, add, wood of ruory.

Rapa, f. (infecto) ear-wig.

. : 1 /

REGUEIFA, from the Arabic Lie, libum. TAPETE, from the Persian which

ROMAA, from the Arabic . . , malant Римісин.

SANCO, from the Arabic Line cruss tibia.

SARDAM, from the Arabic (. 1) lacerta.

Before the word SOLAZ, add SOLAVAN-CO, f. a fliaking or fwing.

SOM, after the phrase fallar sem tom nem fem, add, to speak without rhyme or realog.

SURRAM, from the Arabic 8:00 crumena. After the word TALAM, add, TALAM-BOR, f. ex.

Fechadura de talambro, stock-lock.

TAMARA, from the Arabic and Persian TUNANTE, s. a vagabond, a vagrant, which fignifies the fame.

fignifies the fame.

THERIAGA, from the Arabic L

TIARA, from the Persian in more fo called from its resemblance to an and in shape, and its being acuminated,

TIGRES, from the Persian Jazitte, celeritate tursus ita dilij. Simili reins Mercuriam Perse in seus saittes an cant, ab velocem motum.

TIRADOR, after the word add, Trats, f. wire-drawer.

TRENA, add, tape, a fort of, &c.

which in Pates توفار مي which in Pates as well as in Arabic and Turkih fait. fies a deluge,

lazy fellow.

VAGUEACAM, add, Reverie, the rambing Scc.

VERNAL, adj. vernal equinoccio vant. vernal equinox.

PART II.

PARREL, f. (termo de navio) enxertario.